



MULTILINGUALISM IN THE MODERN WORLD

Jonuzokova Madina Uktam qizi


*Student of English philology and translation faculty in Samarkand state institute of
foreign languages*

madinajonuzogova06@gmail.com

ANNOTATION . This article analyzes the importance of multilingualism in the modern world and the relationship of multilingualism with culture, science, and international relations and cooperation. Nowadays, many people are trying to know several languages. In particular, multilingualism is distinguished by its ability to develop intercultural communication and create broad opportunities for the education system and employment. It also highlights the needs that lead to the emergence of this phenomenon. In addition, the article analyzes the main problems encountered in the process of language learning, as well as the ability of different nationalities to preserve their national languages.

KEY WORDS . multilingualism, language learning, cultural diversity, international cooperation, education system, cultural diversity, foreign languages.

INTRODUCTION




Today, the nations and peoples of the world are placing more emphasis on political, economic, scientific, and cultural ties. In particular, various online platforms and internet networks have united humanity into a single information space. In this situation, knowing several languages is considered a positive factor not only because it can provide personal or professional knowledge, but also because it allows for quick and easy access to the aforementioned platforms. Currently, the main focus on multilingualism is the ability to ensure communication with representatives of different cultures without difficulty, the ability to work in the field of international relations and diplomacy, as well as having broad opportunities in the educational system. Furthermore, many literature studies emphasize that one of the positive effects of multilingualism is its positive impact on human cognitive abilities. In particular, people who speak several languages can do so with easy skills in logical thinking and problem-solving. In addition, people who speak many languages have no problems winning various international educational programs and grants and finding their place in the global labor market.

However, multilingualism also causes some problems. In particular, this situation creates a basis for the disappearance of dying or dying minority languages, as well as a decrease in attention to the mother tongue.

LITERATURE REVIEW

During this period, multilingualism is one of the problems widely studied in the field of linguistics and education. This issue has been extensively analyzed in several scientific literatures, and the social and mental aspects of multilingualism have been analyzed using



various theoretical sources. In particular, according to one of the linguists J. A. Fishman (1972), multilingualism is a sociolinguistic phenomenon and an interconnection between language and society. Furthermore, the scholar views the native language not only as a means of communication but also as an important means of reflecting the cultural and social structure of society.

Furthermore, another linguist, J. Cummins (2000), notes that if multilingualism is studied in an integrated manner within the educational process, the quality and benefits of bilingual and multilingual education will be comprehensively determined. His theory, "Common Underlying Proficiency," states that skills that work in learning a specific language can also have a positive impact on mastering other languages. The theory analyzed above can have a positive impact and play a key role in revealing the advantages of multilingualism in education.

Furthermore, according to the scholar known as F. Grosjean (2010), multilingualism is a natural linguistic state of a person. In addition, the scientist emphasizes that in the minds of people who can speak several languages, the languages they have learned are not individually, but as an interconnected system.

METHODOLOGY

In this article


the extent to which multilingualism is gaining importance in the modern and developing world, and how it affects education, social spheres, and culture are studied, and several scientific methods were effectively used in this process. In particular, descriptive, comparative, and analytical methods were widely used.

First of all, using the descriptive method, scientific facts and information were collected and analyzed about what the concept of multilingualism means, its history of origin and its role in modern society. In addition, the warm opinions and recommendations on the development of multilingualism found in the European Union, the UN UNESCO department, and other international organizations were studied. Additionally, scientific opinions were summarized reflecting the fact that through multilingualism, people can further expand their horizons, interact and exchange ideas, and influence migration and immigration processes.

In addition, one of the widely used methods, the analytical method, was studied scientific articles and statistics on multilingualism in different languages, which laid the foundation for analyzing the benefits and disadvantages of this process. It has also been analyzed through numerous literature sources that multilingualism has a positive impact on human mental and physical development, improved memory, and the further growth of critical as well as logical thinking. In addition, the importance of online platforms and mobile applications in the language learning process was analyzed. As a result, it was found that artificial intelligence and online apps make language learning even easier and ensure faster results.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

According to the results, the growing need for multilingualism today indicates that it occupies a special place in society. In particular, international and diplomatic relations, the



expansion of cultural and economic ties between countries require people to know several languages. In particular, because people who speak several languages have a wider range of communication with others, they can create an environment of free conversation with representatives of different cultures, as well as become active participants in international relations. Especially since English is becoming a lingua franca today, it is being studied by many nations. At the same time, it has been established that the study of other foreign languages by individuals also creates a foundation for their personal and professional development. In particular, one of the main requirements of international companies and organizations today is a secretary. The conducted analysis revealed that multilingualism has a positive impact on the education system. In particular, students who speak several languages have more opportunities than their peers to participate in international grants and educational programs. Furthermore, it has been observed that an education system that promotes multilingualism can help students develop independent critical and logical thinking skills. In addition, the study of foreign languages serves as the basis for the formation of a sense of respect and reverence for the culture and values of other peoples and nations among young people.

CONCLUSION

In this modern world, multilingualism is one of the factors that plays an important role in society and international cooperation. In particular, knowledge of several languages serves to expand a person's circle of interaction with others and to ensure social life and professional competitiveness. Furthermore, multilingualism has a significant positive impact on the education system. Students who are fluent in several languages will be able to participate in foreign language competitions, study abroad, and win various grants and travel tickets. This will help the country's education system reach the world. At the same time, people who know many languages have a broad outlook and deep thoughts, and they do not face any difficulties in studying the culture and traditions of other peoples.

In general, multilingualism has become an integral part of modern society and is considered the main criterion of human communication with people.

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