THE ROLE OF LEADERSHIP IN HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

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Abstract: This article examines the role of leadership in human resource management, focusing on leader identification, leadership development, alignment of group interests, and the management of informal leadership within organizations. The study highlights that effective HR practices require systematic identification of leadership potential, targeted competency development, and maintaining harmony between employee needs and organizational goals. The importance of integrating formal and informal leadership to ensure organizational stability and performance is also emphasized.

Keywords: Leadership, Human Resource Management, Leader Development, Informal Leadership, Organizational Behavior, Motivation, HR Strategy, Organizational Culture.

Human resource management (HRM) places leadership at the core of organizational success. Leadership is not only a managerial function, but also a driving force behind employee development, motivation, organizational culture formation, and overall team effectiveness. Therefore, identifying leaders, developing their competencies, aligning group interests, and properly managing informal leadership are essential elements of HR practice.

The first step in HRM is to identify individuals who possess strong leadership qualities. This allows organizations to select natural leaders and prepare them for managerial roles. Two concepts are relevant here:

- 1. leaders are born,
- 2. leaders are made through development.

In HR practice, leadership potential is assessed through: psychological testing, assessment centers and simulations, business games, analysis of biographies and work experience, evaluation of employees who have demonstrated initiative and high performance. In the United States and Germany, for example, leadership talent is often identified among students, interns, and young specialists. Stephen Covey emphasizes that leadership exists at all levels of an organization, not only at the top. Leadership potential can be identified through competencies such as:

- self-criticism and continuous self-improvement,
- ability to serve others,
- sharing positive energy,
- the capacity to inspire trust,
- effective time and energy management,
- inner confidence and optimism,



- tolerance and openness to diversity,
- physical, intellectual, and spiritual maturity.

These criteria play a crucial role in selecting future leaders within the HR system.

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HR management must not only identify leaders, but also create conditions for their continuous development. Leadership development includes the following directions:

Internal drive, willingness to take responsibility, and decision-making skills are supported through HR motivational strategies.

HR supports leaders by offering training, capacity-building programs, coaching, and mentoring. Intellectual development is reflected in analytical thinking and the ability to plan, while ethical qualities such as honesty and integrity form the basis of effective leadership.

Effective communication, active listening, and empathy are central to leadership development. HR fosters these abilities to build a healthy organizational climate.

Leaders are trained to evaluate organizational dynamics, internal and external opportunities, and risks. This ability is essential for making informed decisions.

A true leader sees the potential in every employee and encourages their development. HR promotes an "inclusive leadership" approach where each member of the team is engaged and valued.

HR management requires the alignment of employee needs with organizational goals. A leader must maintain balance between the personal aspirations of employees and the strategic objectives of the company. Such alignment:

- prevents the formation of destructive informal groups,
- strengthens trust in leadership,
- enhances motivation and team unity.

Motivational systems, corporate culture, regular communication, and performance evaluation are the main HR tools to achieve this balance.

Informal leaders—employees who influence others regardless of their official position—play a significant role in organizations. HR managers must identify and properly engage these individuals, because they:

- shape the organization's internal social environment,
- may strengthen or weaken official authority,
- can unite employees around shared goals.

A leader who successfully balances formal and informal leadership roles significantly increases HRM effectiveness. Respectful communication, attention to individual needs, and appreciation of employee contributions strengthen overall leadership impact.

Innovative leadership is one of the most significant directions of modern management, as it enhances economic efficiency, strengthens competitiveness, and ensures the strategic development of an organization. An innovative leader not only generates new ideas but also effectively implements them, unites the team, manages change correctly, and most importantly, adheres strictly to principles of business ethics in achieving results. Where

business ethics is violated, innovation processes break down, competitiveness weakens, and economic efficiency declines significantly.

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Understanding the factors influencing business ethics is crucial for effective innovative leadership. A leader must foresee external and internal changes, make timely decisions, and maintain the ethical stability of the organization. External factors include legal regulations, economic conditions, competition, social expectations, technological development, and the cultural requirements of the global business environment. Compliance with legal norms protects the company's reputation, increases investment attractiveness, and minimizes economic risks. Alignment with social expectations forms the image of a socially responsible company, raising trust in the market. Rapid technological progress generates new ethical dilemmas, such as personal data processing and job loss due to automation, requiring ethical and balanced managerial approaches. Cultural diversity in the global market also demands caution, cultural sensitivity, and adherence to high ethical standards; for example, a gift acceptable in one country may be considered bribery in another.

Internal factors also directly influence the economic impact of innovative leadership. If the corporate culture is open, creativity-oriented, and supportive of initiative, innovation thrives. A leader's personal values—integrity, responsibility, fairness, and transparency—shape an atmosphere of trust that increases employee motivation. In an environment where employees freely express ideas and are not afraid of innovation, creative activity grows. Proper talent management, identification of capable employees, and developing them is essential for sustainable economic growth, as investment in human capital always yields the highest return.

The impact of innovative leadership on economic efficiency manifests in several ways. First, an innovative leader ensures efficient use of resources, reduces costs through technological implementation, and optimizes processes. As a result, the organization's productivity indicators rise. The creation of new products and services leads to market expansion, strengthening competitiveness. For investors, the most attractive aspect is that ethically driven innovative leadership provides stability and long-term growth. Transparent management, fair treatment, and social responsibility increase investor confidence. With high levels of motivation, employee productivity also rises, significantly improving economic outcomes.

In conclusion, innovative leadership integrated with principles of business ethics and modern managerial approaches ensures high economic performance for an organization. Leaders who make ethical decisions, think strategically in dynamic economic conditions, inspire their teams, and encourage innovation can guide their organizations toward sustainable growth. Innovative leadership is not only about introducing technological advancements but also about managing with integrity, honesty, responsibility, transparency, and human-centered values. Only such leaders can enhance economic efficiency, attract investments, and succeed in the global competitive environment. Leadership plays a central role in modern human resource management by shaping organizational culture, motivating

employees, and promoting sustainable development. Identifying leadership potential, developing relevant skills, and managing both formal and informal leaders strengthen the effectiveness of HR strategies. When leaders successfully align employee interests with organizational goals, a cohesive, productive, and resilient working environment emerges. Thus, leadership development must be considered a priority within HRM to ensure long-term organizational success and competitiveness.

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